

**BFR93A (NPN)**
**FEATURES**

- For low-noise, high-gain broadband amplifiers at collector currents from 2 mA to 30 mA



MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CEO}$	12	V
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$	20	
Collector-base voltage	$V_{CBO}$	20	
Emitter-base voltage	$V_{EBO}$	2	
Collector current	$I_C$	50	mA
Base current	$I_B$	6	
Total power dissipation, $T_S \leq 63^\circ\text{C}$ <sup>1)</sup>	$P_{tot}$	300	mW
Junction temperature	$T_J$	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient temperature	$T_A$	-65 ... 150	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 ... 150	
<b>Thermal Resistance</b>			
Junction - soldering point <sup>2)</sup>	$R_{thJS}$	$\leq 290$	K/W

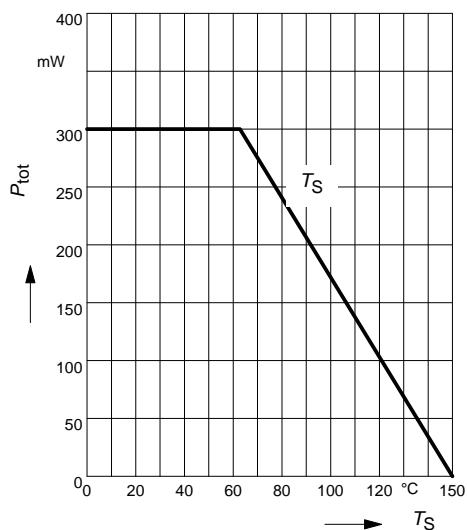
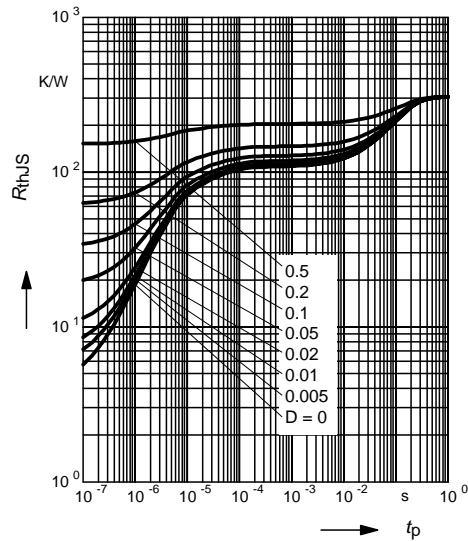
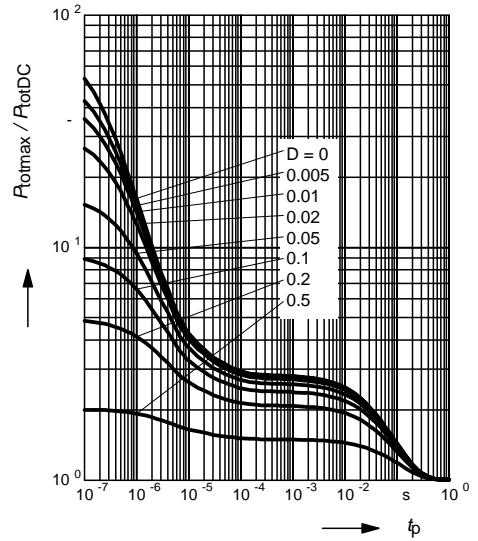
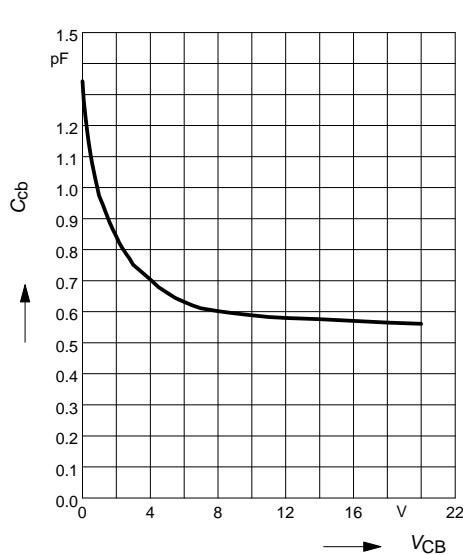
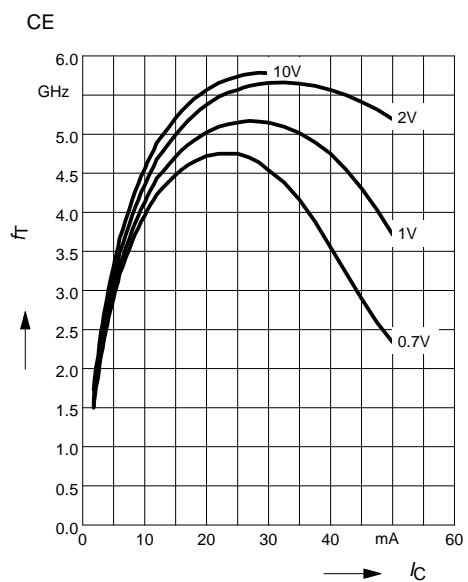
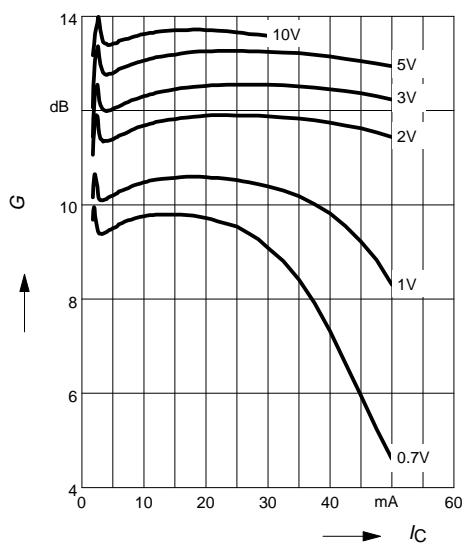
<sup>1)</sup>  $T_S$  is measured on the collector lead at the soldering point to the pcb

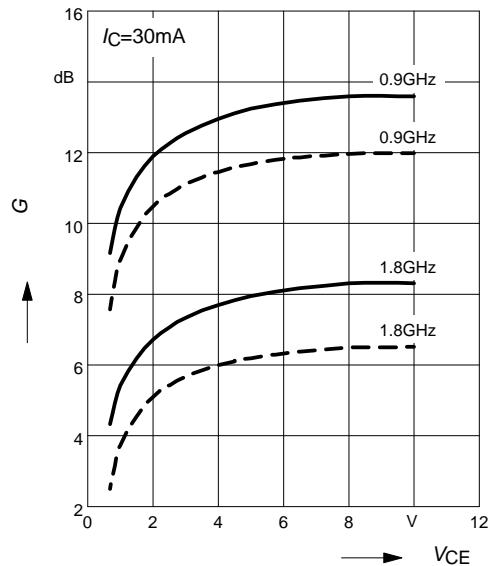
<sup>2)</sup> For calculation of  $R_{thJA}$  please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>amb</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified)

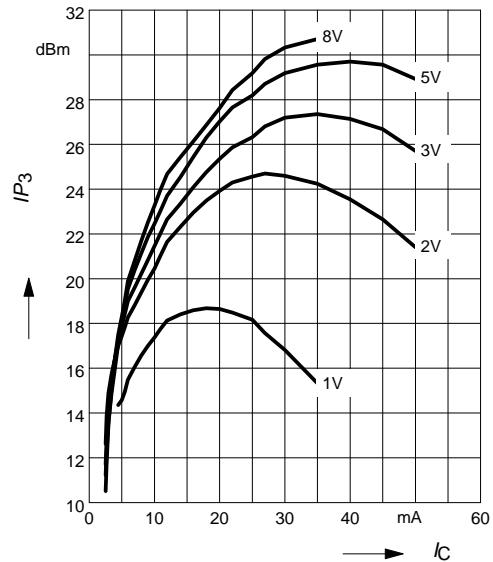
**BFR93A**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>DC characteristics</b>					
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CEO}}$	12	-	-	V
Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{\text{CE}} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{\text{BE}} = 0$	$I_{\text{CES}}$	-	-	100	$\mu\text{A}$
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{\text{CB}} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$	$I_{\text{CBO}}$	-	-	100	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{\text{EB}} = 2 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$	$I_{\text{EBO}}$	-	-	10	$\mu\text{A}$
DC current gain $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 8 \text{ V}$	$h_{\text{FE}}$	50	100	200	-
<b>AC characteristics</b> (verified by random sampling)					
Transition frequency $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 8 \text{ V}, f = 500 \text{ MHz}$	$f_T$	4.5	6	-	GHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{\text{CB}} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{\text{cb}}$	-	0.58	0.9	pF
Collector-emitter capacitance $V_{\text{CE}} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{\text{ce}}$	-	0.23	-	
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{\text{EB}} = 0.5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{\text{eb}}$	-	1.7	-	
Noise figure $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 8 \text{ V}, Z_S = Z_{\text{Sopt}}, f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ $f = 1.8 \text{ GHz}$	$F$	-	2	-	dB
Power gain, maximum available <sup>1)</sup> $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 8 \text{ V}, Z_S = Z_{\text{Sopt}}, Z_L = Z_{\text{Lopt}}, f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ $f = 1.8 \text{ GHz}$	$G_{\text{ma}}$	-	13.5	-	
			8.5	-	
Transducer gain $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 8 \text{ V}, Z_S = Z_L = 50\Omega, f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ $f = 1.8 \text{ GHz}$	$ S_{21e} ^2$	-	12	-	-
		-	6.5	-	

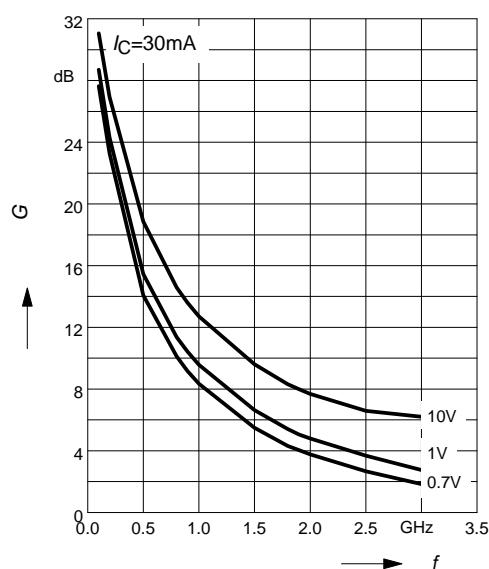
**BFR93A** Typical Characteristics

**Total power dissipation**  $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$ 

**Permissible Pulse Load**  $R_{\text{thJS}} = f(t_p)$ 

**Permissible Pulse Load**  
 $P_{\text{totmax}} / P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$ 

**Collector-base capacitance**  $C_{\text{cb}} = f(V_{\text{CB}})$   
 $f = 1\text{MHz}$ 

**Transition frequency**  $f_T = f(I_C)$ 
 $V$  = Parameter

**Power Gain**  $G_{\text{ma}}, G_{\text{ms}} = f(I_C)$   
 $f = 0.9\text{GHz}$ 
 $V_{\text{CE}}$  = Parameter

**BFR93A** Typical Characteristics


**Power Gain**  $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(V_{CE})$ : \_\_\_\_\_  
 $|S_{21}|^2 = f(V_{CE})$ : -----  
 $f$  = Parameter

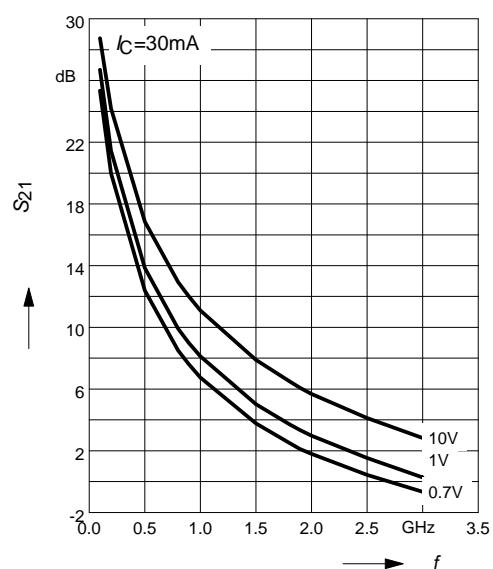


**Intermodulation Intercept Point**  $IP_3=f(I_C)$   
(3rd order, Output,  $Z_S=Z_L=50\Omega$ )  
 $V_{CE}$  = Parameter,  $f = 900\text{MHz}$



**Power Gain**  $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(f)$

$V_{CE}$  = Parameter



**Power Gain**  $|S_{21}|^2=f(f)$

$V_{CE}$  = Parameter